

Public Law 99-569  
99th Congress

An Act

Oct. 27, 1986  
[H.R. 4759]

Intelligence  
Authorization  
Act for Fiscal  
Year 1987.

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1987 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Intelligence Community Staff, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987".*

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1987 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following elements of the United States Government:

- (1) The Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) The Department of Defense.
- (3) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (4) The National Security Agency.
- (5) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
- (6) The Department of State.
- (7) The Department of the Treasury.
- (8) The Department of Energy.
- (9) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (10) The Drug Enforcement Administration.

CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 102. (a) The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101, and the authorized personnel ceilings as of September 30, 1987, for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the elements listed in such section, are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared by the Committee of Conference to accompany H.R. 4759 of the Ninety-ninth Congress. That Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives and to the President. The President shall provide for suitable distribution of the Schedule, or of appropriate portions of the Schedule, within the executive branch.

(b) Funds appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1987 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities and listed under the heading "ADDITIONAL SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES" in the Schedule of Authorizations to which subsection (a) refers, shall be considered to be specifically authorized by the Congress for such activities for purposes of section 502 of the

National Security Act of 1947, notwithstanding the absence of authorizations of appropriations for such activities in this Act. 50 USC 414.

**PERSONNEL CEILING ADJUSTMENTS**

**SEC. 103.** The Director of Central Intelligence may authorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the numbers authorized for fiscal year 1987 under sections 102 and 202 of this Act when he determines that such action is necessary to the performance of important intelligence functions, except that such number may not, for any element of the Intelligence Community, exceed 2 per centum of the number of civilian personnel authorized under such sections for such element. The Director of Central Intelligence shall promptly notify the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever he exercises the authority granted by this section.

**AUTHORITY FOR THE CONDUCT OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES**

**SEC. 104.** The authorization of appropriations by this Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or laws of the United States.

**INCREASES IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW**

**SEC. 105.** Appropriations authorized by this Act for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

**RESTRICTION ON SUPPORT FOR MILITARY OR PARAMILITARY OPERATIONS IN NICARAGUA**

**SEC. 106.** Funds available to the Central Intelligence Agency, the Department of Defense, or any other agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may be obligated and expended during fiscal year 1987 to provide funds, materiel, or other assistance to the Nicaraguan democratic resistance to support military or paramilitary operations in Nicaragua only as authorized in section 101 and as specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 102, or pursuant to section 502 of the National Security Act of 1947, or pursuant to any provision of law specifically providing such funds, materiel, or assistance.

50 USC 414.

**RESTRICTION ON INTELLIGENCE AGENCY COOPERATION WITH SOUTH AFRICA**

**SEC. 107.** No agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may engage in any form of cooperation, direct or indirect, with the Government of South Africa, except activities which are reasonably designed to facilitate the collection of necessary intelligence. It is the policy of the United States that no agency or entity of the United States involved in intelligence activities may provide any intelligence information to the Government of South Africa which pertains to a South African internal opposition

22 USC 5072a.

group, movement, organization, or individual. Any change in such policy, or the provision of intelligence information contrary to such policy, shall be considered a significant anticipated intelligence activity for purposes of section 501 of the National Security Act of 1947.

50 USC 413.

## TITLE II—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF

### AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 201. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Staff for fiscal year 1987 the sum of \$22,000,000.

### AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL END-STRENGTH

SEC. 202. (a) The Intelligence Community Staff is authorized two hundred thirty seven full-time personnel as of September 30, 1987. Such personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff may be permanent employees of the Intelligence Community Staff or personnel detailed from other elements of the United States Government.

(b) During fiscal year 1987, personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be selected so as to provide appropriate representation from elements of the United States Government engaged in intelligence and intelligence-related activities.

(c) During fiscal year 1987, any officer or employee of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces who is detailed to the Intelligence Community Staff from another element of the United States Government shall be detailed on a reimbursable basis, except that any such officer, employee, or member may be detailed on a nonreimbursable basis for a period of less than one year for the performance of temporary functions as required by the Director of Central Intelligence.

### INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY STAFF ADMINISTERED IN SAME MANNER AS CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SEC. 203. During fiscal year 1987, activities and personnel of the Intelligence Community Staff shall be subject to the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403a et seq.) in the same manner as activities and personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency.

## TITLE III—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND RELATED MATTERS

### AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 301. There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund for fiscal year 1987 the sum of \$125,800,000.

### SURVIVOR BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN FORMER SPOUSES OF CIA EMPLOYEES

50 USC 403 note. SEC. 302. (a) Part C of title II of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

## “SURVIVOR BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN OTHER FORMER SPOUSES

“SEC. 224. (a)(1) Any individual who was a former spouse of a participant or former participant on November 15, 1982, shall be entitled, to the extent of available appropriations, and except to the extent such former spouse is disqualified under subsection (b), to a survivor annuity equal to 55 per centum of the greater of—

“(A) the full amount of the participant’s or former participant’s annuity, as computed under section 221(a); or

“(B) the full amount of what such annuity as so computed would be if the participant or former participant had not withdrawn a lump-sum portion of contributions made with respect to such annuity.

“(2) A survivor annuity payable under this section shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount of retirement benefits, not including benefits under title II of the Social Security Act, received by the former spouse which are attributable to previous employment of such former spouse by the United States.

“(b) A former spouse shall not be entitled to a survivor annuity under this section if—

“(1) an election has been made with respect to such former spouse under section 223;

“(2) the former spouse remarries before age fifty-five; or

“(3) the former spouse is less than fifty years of age.

“(c)(1) The entitlement of a former spouse to a survivor annuity under this section—

“(A) shall commence—

“(i) in the case of a former spouse of a participant or former participant who is deceased as of the effective date of this section, beginning on the later of—

“(I) the sixtieth day after such date; or

“(II) the date such former spouse reaches age fifty;

and

“(ii) in the case of any other former spouse, beginning on the latest of—

“(I) the date that the participant or former participant to whom the former spouse was married dies;

“(II) the sixtieth day after the effective date of this section; or

“(III) the date such former spouse reaches age fifty;

and

“(B) shall terminate on the last day of the month before the former spouse’s death or remarriage before attaining age fifty-five.

“(2)(A) A survivor annuity under this section shall not be payable unless appropriate written application is provided to the Director, complete with any supporting documentation which the Director may by regulation require, within thirty months after the effective date of this section.

“(B) Upon approval of an application provided under subparagraph (A), the appropriate survivor annuity shall be payable to the former spouse with respect to all periods before such approval during which the former spouse was entitled to such annuity under this section, but in no event shall a survivor annuity be payable under this section with respect to any period before the effective date of this section.

“(d) The Director shall—

50 USC 403 note.

42 USC 401.

“(1) as soon as possible, but not later than sixty days after the effective date of this section, issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section; and

“(2) to the maximum extent practicable, and as soon as possible, inform each individual who was a former spouse of a participant or former participant on November 15, 1982, of any rights which such individual may have under this section.”.

(b) Section 14(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403n(a)) is amended by inserting “224,” after “222, 223,”.

(c) For fiscal year 1987, not to exceed \$500,000 shall be available from amounts appropriated under the authority of section 101(1) of this Act for survivor annuities under section 224 of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act of 1964 for Certain Employees and under the amendment made by subsection (b) of this section.

(d) The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1986.

*Ante*, p. 3193.

50 USC 403n  
note.

**HEALTH BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN FORMER SPOUSES OF CENTRAL  
INTELLIGENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEES**

SEC. 303. (a) The Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end a new section as follows:

**“HEALTH BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN FORMER SPOUSES OF CENTRAL  
INTELLIGENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEES**

50 USC 403p.

“SEC. 16. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c)(1), any individual—

“(1) formerly married to an employee or former employee of the Agency, whose marriage was dissolved by divorce or annulment before May 7, 1985;

“(2) who, at any time during the eighteen-month period before the divorce or annulment became final, was covered under a health benefits plan as a member of the family of such employee or former employee; and

“(3) who was married to such employee for not less than ten years during periods of service by such employee with the Agency, at least five years of which were spent outside the United States by both the employee and the former spouse, is eligible for coverage under a health benefits plan in accordance with the provisions of this section.

“(b)(1) Any individual eligible for coverage under subsection (a) may enroll in a health benefits plan for self alone or for self and family if, before the expiration of the six-month period beginning on the effective date of this section, and in accordance with such procedures as the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall by regulation prescribe, such individual—

“(A) files an election for such enrollment; and

“(B) arranges to pay currently into the Employees Health Benefits Fund under section 8909 of title 5, United States Code, an amount equal to the sum of the employee and agency contributions payable in the case of an employee enrolled under chapter 89 of such title in the same health benefits plan and with the same level of benefits.

5 USC 8901 *et*  
*seq.*

“(2) The Director of Central Intelligence shall, as soon as possible, take all steps practicable—

“(A) to determine the identity and current address of each former spouse eligible for coverage under subsection (a); and  
 “(B) to notify each such former spouse of that individual’s rights under this section.

“(3) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management, upon notification by the Director of Central Intelligence, shall waive the six-month limitation set forth in paragraph (1) in any case in which the Director of Central Intelligence determines that the circumstances so warrant.

“(c)(1) Any former spouse who remarries before age fifty-five is not eligible to make an election under subsection (b)(1).

“(2) Any former spouse enrolled in a health benefits plan pursuant to an election under subsection (b)(1) may continue the enrollment under the conditions of eligibility which the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall by regulation prescribe, except that any former spouse who remarries before age fifty-five shall not be eligible for continued enrollment under this section after the end of the thirty-one-day period beginning on the date of remarriage.

“(d) No individual may be covered by a health benefits plan under this section during any period in which such individual is enrolled in a health benefits plan under any other authority, nor may any individual be covered under more than one enrollment under this section.

“(e) For purposes of this section the term ‘health benefits plan’ means an approved health benefits plan under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code.”

(b) The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 1986.

5 USC 8901 *et seq.*

50 USC 403p note.

## TITLE IV—COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY

### COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OFFICIAL VISITOR EXCHANGES

SEC. 401. (a) Chapter 33 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“§ 539. Counterintelligence official reception and representation expenses

28 USC 539.

“The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation may use funds available to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for counterintelligence programs to pay the expenses of hosting foreign officials in the United States under the auspices of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for consultation on counterintelligence matters.”

(b) The table of contents for chapter 33 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“539. Counterintelligence official reception and representation expenses.”

(c) Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“§ 140a. Counterintelligence official reception and representation expenses

10 USC 140a.

“The Secretary of Defense may use funds available to the Department of Defense for counterintelligence programs to pay the expenses of hosting foreign officials in the United States under the

auspices of the Department of Defense for consultation on counter-intelligence matters.”.

(d) The table of contents for chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“140a. Counterintelligence official reception and representation expenses.”.

**FBI ACCESS TO STATE AND LOCAL CRIMINAL RECORDS FOR SECURITY CLEARANCES**

SEC. 402. (a) Section 9101 of title 5, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) by striking “or” after “Office of Personnel Management,” by inserting “or the Federal Bureau of Investigation,” after “the Central Intelligence Agency,” and by striking “department, office or agency” and inserting in lieu thereof “department, office, agency or bureau”;

(2) in subparagraph (3)(A) of subsection (b) by striking “or” after “Office of Personnel Management,” by inserting “, or the Federal Bureau of Investigation” after “the Central Intelligence Agency,” by striking “department, office or agency” and inserting in lieu thereof “department, office, agency, or bureau”, and by striking “department, office, or agency.” and inserting in lieu thereof “department, office, agency, or bureau.”;

(3) in subparagraph (3)(B) of subsection (b) by striking “or” after “Office of Personnel Management,” and by inserting “, or the Federal Bureau of Investigation” after “the Central Intelligence Agency”; and

(4) in subsection (c) by striking “or” after “Office of Personnel Management,” and by inserting “, or the Federal Bureau of Investigation” after “the Central Intelligence Agency”.

5 USC 9101 note.

(b) Section 803(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for fiscal year 1986 (Public Law 99-169) is amended by striking “and” after “Office of Personnel Management,” and by inserting “and the Federal Bureau of Investigation,” after “the Central Intelligence Agency.”.

5 USC 9101 note.

(c) The amendments made by this section shall become effective with respect to any inquiry which begins after the date of enactment of this Act conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes specified in paragraph (b)(1) of section 9101 of title 5, United States Code.

**PERMANENT EXTENSION OF DOD AUTHORITY TO USE PROCEEDS FROM COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS**

SEC. 403. (a) Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 401(c) of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 140b.

**“§ 140b. Authority to use proceeds from counterintelligence operations of the military departments**

“(a) The Secretary of Defense may authorize, without regard to the provisions of section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, use of proceeds from counterintelligence operations conducted by components of the military departments to offset necessary and reasonable expenses, not otherwise prohibited by law, incurred in such operations, and to make exceptional performance awards to personnel

involved in such operations, if use of appropriated funds to meet such expenses or to make such awards would not be practicable.

“(b) As soon as the net proceeds from such counterintelligence operations are no longer necessary for the conduct of those operations, such proceeds shall be deposited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

“(c) The Secretary of Defense shall establish policies and procedures to govern acquisition, use, management, and disposition of proceeds from counterintelligence operations conducted by components of the military departments, including effective internal systems of accounting and administrative controls.”.

(b) The table of contents for chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 401(d) of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“140b. Authority to use proceeds from counterintelligence operations of the military departments.”.

**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACCESS TO FINANCIAL RECORDS OF AGENTS OF FOREIGN POWERS**

SEC. 404. Section 1114(a) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(5)(A) Financial institutions, and officers, employees, and agents thereof, shall comply with a request for a customer’s or entity’s financial records made pursuant to this subsection by the Federal Bureau of Investigation when the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (or the Director’s designee) certifies in writing to the financial institution that such records are sought for foreign counterintelligence purposes and that there are specific and articulable facts giving reason to believe that the customer or entity whose records are sought is a foreign power or an agent of a foreign power as defined in section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801).

“(B) The Federal Bureau of Investigation may disseminate information obtained pursuant to this paragraph only as provided in guidelines approved by the Attorney General for foreign intelligence collection and foreign counterintelligence investigations conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and, with respect to dissemination to an agency of the United States, only if such information is clearly relevant to the authorized responsibilities of such agency.

“(C) On a semiannual basis the Attorney General shall fully inform the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate concerning all requests made pursuant to this paragraph.

“(D) No financial institution, or officer, employee, or agent of such institution, shall disclose to any person that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has sought or obtained access to a customer’s or entity’s financial records under this paragraph.”.



**TITLE V—ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES RELATING TO  
INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL**

**DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY CIVILIAN MEDICAL EVACUATION  
BENEFIT**

*Ante*, p. 628.

SEC. 501. Subsection 1605(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “, (5)” after “paragraphs (2), (3), (4)” and after “(22 U.S.C. 4081 (2), (3), (4))”.

**ONE YEAR EXTENSION OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SPECIAL  
TERMINATION AUTHORITY**

SEC. 502. Paragraph 1604(e)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “fiscal years 1985 and 1986” and inserting in lieu thereof “fiscal years 1986 and 1987”.

**ACCEPTANCE OF DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AWARDS BY  
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL**

50 USC 403e-1.

SEC. 503. Section 402 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1984 (Public Law 98-215) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“(c) During fiscal year 1987, the Director of Central Intelligence may exercise the authority granted in section 4503(2) of title 5, United States Code, with respect to members of the Armed Forces who are assigned to foreign intelligence duties at the time of the conduct which gives rise to the exercise of such authority.

“(d) An award made by the Director of Central Intelligence to an employee or member of the Armed Forces under the authority of section 4503 of title 5, United States Code, or this section may be paid and accepted notwithstanding—

“(1) section 5536 of title 5, United States Code; and

“(2) the death, separation, or retirement of the employee or the member of the Armed Forces whose conduct gave rise to the award, or the assignment of such member to duties other than foreign intelligence duties.”.

**MANAGEMENT OF CIVILIAN INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL OF THE  
MILITARY DEPARTMENTS**

SEC. 504. (a) Chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 1590.

**“§ 1590. Management of civilian intelligence personnel of the military departments**

“(a) The Secretary of Defense may, without regard to the provisions of any other law relating to the number, classification, or compensation of employees—

“(1) establish such positions for civilian intelligence officers and employees of the military departments as may be necessary to carry out the intelligence functions of such departments;

“(2) appoint individuals to such positions; and

“(3) fix the compensation of such individuals for service in such positions.

“(b) The Secretary of Defense shall, subject to subsection (c), fix the rates of basic pay for positions established under subsection (a) in relation to the rates of basic pay provided in the General Sched-

ule under section 5332 of title 5 for positions subject to such Schedule which have corresponding levels of duties and responsibilities. Except in the case of a civilian intelligence officer or employee of a military department serving as a member of the Senior Executive Service of a military department, no civilian intelligence officer or employee of a military department may be paid basic pay at a rate in excess of the highest rate of basic pay payable under such General Schedule.

“(c) The Secretary of Defense is authorized, consistent with section 5341 of title 5, to adopt such provisions of such title as provide for prevailing rate systems of basic pay and to apply such provisions to positions for civilian intelligence officers or employees in or under which the military departments may employ individuals described by section 5342(a)(2)(A) of such title.

“(d) In addition to the basic pay payable under subsection (b), civilian intelligence officers and employees of the military departments who are citizens or nationals of the United States and who are stationed outside the continental United States or in Alaska may be paid allowances, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, not in excess of an allowance authorized to be paid by section 5941(a) of title 5 for employees whose rates of basic pay are fixed by statute. Such allowances shall be based on—

“(1) living costs substantially higher than in the District of Columbia;

“(2) conditions of environment which differ substantially from conditions of environment in the continental United States and warrant an allowance as a recruitment incentive; or

“(3) both of the factors described in paragraphs (1) and (2).

“(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Defense may, during fiscal year 1987, terminate the employment of any civilian intelligence officer or employee of a military department whenever he considers that action to be in the interests of the United States and he determines that the procedures prescribed in other provisions of law that authorize the termination of the employment of such officer or employee cannot be invoked in a manner consistent with the national security. The decisions of the Secretary under this paragraph are final and may not be appealed or reviewed outside the Department of Defense. The Secretary of Defense shall promptly notify the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever this termination authority is exercised.

“(2) Any termination of employment under this subsection shall not affect the right of the officer or employee involved to seek or accept employment with any other department or agency of the United States if he is declared eligible for such employment by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.

“(3) The Secretary of Defense may delegate authority under this subsection only to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Secretary concerned or both. An action to terminate any civilian intelligence officer or employee of a military department by either such officer shall be appealable to the Secretary of Defense.”

(b) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new item:

“1590. Management of civilian intelligence personnel of the military departments.”

10 USC 1590  
note.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive review and evaluation of the implementation of section 1590 of title 10, United States Code and shall report thereon to the Congress no later than March 1, 1989. Such report shall—

(1) describe the extent to which the civilian intelligence personnel management systems established under section 1590 of title 10 have improved acquisition and retention of civilian intelligence personnel by the military departments;

(2) describe the elements of uniformity among the civilian intelligence personnel management systems established under section 1590 of title 10;

(3) describe the elements of diversity among the civilian intelligence personnel management systems established under section 1590 of title 10, and explain the need for such diversity based on differences in the intelligence needs or missions of the military departments;

(4) describe the means for oversight within the Office of the Secretary of Defense and each of the military departments for ensuring consistent application of regulations, directives, and guidelines which implement the authority granted under section 1590 of title 10;

(5) contain recommendations for any legislative changes the Secretary of Defense may deem appropriate; and

(6) include such other matters as the Secretary of Defense may deem appropriate.

#### NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY ACQUISITION OF CRITICAL SKILLS

SEC. 505. The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following section:

“SEC. 16. (a) The purpose of this section is to establish an undergraduate training program, which may lead to the baccalaureate degree, to facilitate the recruitment of individuals, particularly minority high school students, with a demonstrated capability to develop skills critical to the mission of the National Security Agency, including mathematics, computer science, engineering, and foreign languages.

“(b) The Secretary of Defense is authorized, in his discretion, to assign civilian employees of the National Security Agency as students at accredited professional, technical, and other institutions of higher learning for training at the undergraduate level in skills critical to effective performance of the mission of the Agency.

“(c) The National Security Agency may pay, directly or by reimbursement to employees, expenses incident to assignments under subsection (b), in any fiscal year only to the extent that appropriated funds are available for such purpose.

“(d)(1) To be eligible for assignment under subsection (b), an employee of the Agency must agree in writing—

“(A) to continue in the service of the Agency for the period of the assignment and to complete the educational course of training for which the employee is assigned;

“(B) to continue in the service of the Agency following completion of the assignment for a period of one-and-a-half years for each year of the assignment or part thereof;

“(C) to reimburse the United States for the total cost of education (excluding the employee's pay and allowances)

Minorities.  
Education.

provided under this section to the employee if, prior to the employee's completing the educational course of training for which the employee is assigned, the assignment or the employee's employment with the Agency is terminated either by the Agency due to misconduct by the employee or by the employee voluntarily; and

"(D) to reimburse the United States if, after completing the educational course of training for which the employee is assigned, the employee's employment with the Agency is terminated either by the Agency due to misconduct by the employee or by the employee voluntarily, prior to the employee's completion of the service obligation period described in subparagraph (B), in an amount that bears the same ratio to the total cost of the education (excluding the employee's pay and allowances) provided to the employee as the unserved portion of the service obligation period described in subparagraph (B) bears to the total period of the service obligation described in subparagraph (B).

"(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the obligation to reimburse the United States under an agreement described in paragraph (1), including interest due on such obligation, is for all purposes a debt owing the United States.

"(3)(A) A discharge in bankruptcy under title 11, United States Code, shall not release a person from an obligation to reimburse the United States required under an agreement described in paragraph (1) if the final decree of the discharge in bankruptcy is issued within five years after the last day of the combined period of service obligation described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1).

"(B) The Secretary of Defense may release a person, in whole or in part, from the obligation to reimburse the United States under an agreement described in paragraph (1) when, in his discretion, the Secretary determines that equity or the interests of the United States so require.

"(C) The Secretary of Defense shall permit an employee assigned under this section who, prior to commencing a second academic year of such assignment, voluntarily terminates the assignment or the employee's employment with the Agency, to satisfy his obligation under an agreement described in paragraph (1) to reimburse the United States by reimbursement according to a schedule of monthly payments which results in completion of reimbursement by a date five years after the date of termination of the assignment or employment or earlier at the option of the employee.

"(e)(1) When an employee is assigned under this section to an institution, the Agency shall disclose to the institution to which the employee is assigned that the Agency employs the employee and that the Agency funds the employee's education.

"(2) Agency efforts to recruit individuals at educational institutions for participation in the undergraduate training program established by this section shall be made openly and according to the common practices of universities and employers recruiting at such institutions.

"(f) Chapter 41 of title 5 and subsections (a) and (b) of section 3324 of title 31, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to this section.

"(g) The Secretary of Defense may issue such regulations as may be necessary to implement this section."

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACQUISITION OF CRITICAL SKILLS

50 USC 403j  
note.

SEC. 506. Pursuant to the authority granted in section 8 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403j), the Director of Central Intelligence shall establish an undergraduate training program with respect to civilian employees of the Central Intelligence Agency similar in purpose, conditions, content, and administration to the program which the Secretary of Defense is authorized to establish under section 16 of the National Security Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) for civilian employees of the National Security Agency.

Ante, p. 3200.

## REPORT ON INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL SYSTEMS

SEC. 507. Not later than January 3, 1987, the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Central Intelligence shall submit jointly to the Congress an unclassified report describing the civilian personnel systems for officers and employees of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Security Agency, and the Defense Intelligence Agency, and the personnel systems for officers and employees established under section 1590 of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 504, for civilian intelligence personnel of the military departments. The report shall include descriptions of—

- (1) how each such intelligence personnel system differs from the competitive service and from each other such system;
- (2) the specific features of each such personnel system to ensure compliance with the merit system principles set forth in section 2301 of title 5, United States Code;
- (3) any features of compensation (including bonuses and awards) unique to such personnel system;
- (4) authorities to take actions (including the number of such actions) through employment termination provisions which do not permit appeals outside the agency; and
- (5) any recruitment or retention problems existing within such system.

## TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS

## DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS

SEC. 601. (a) Chapter 167 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

10 USC 2795.

**“§ 2795. Exchange of mapping, charting, and geodetic data with foreign countries and international organizations**

“The Secretary of Defense may authorize the Defense Mapping Agency to exchange or furnish mapping, charting, and geodetic data, supplies and services to a foreign country or international organization pursuant to an agreement for the production or exchange of such data.”

(b) The table of contents of chapter 167 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof:

“2795. Exchange of mapping, charting, and geodetic data with foreign countries and international organizations.”

NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF DEFENSE ARTICLES  
AND DEFENSE SERVICES

SEC. 602. (a) Title V of the National Security Act of 1947, relating to accountability for intelligence activities, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“NOTICE TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF DEFENSE ARTICLES  
AND DEFENSE SERVICES

“SEC. 503. (a)(1) The transfer of a defense article or defense service exceeding \$1,000,000 in value by an intelligence agency to a recipient outside that agency shall be considered a significant anticipated intelligence activity for the purpose of section 501 of this Act. 50 USC 415.

“(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply if— 50 USC 413.

“(A) the transfer is being made to a department, agency, or other entity of the United States (so long as there will not be a subsequent retransfer of the defense articles or defense services outside the United States Government in conjunction with an intelligence or intelligence-related activity); or

“(B) the transfer—

“(i) is being made pursuant to authorities contained in part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Arms Export Control Act, title 10 of the United States Code (including a law enacted pursuant to section 7307(b)(1) of that title), or the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, and

22 USC 2301.  
22 USC 2751  
note.

“(ii) is not being made in conjunction with an intelligence or intelligence-related activity.

40 USC 471 note.

“(3) An intelligence agency may not transfer any defense articles or defense services outside the agency in conjunction with any intelligence or intelligence-related activity for which funds were denied by the Congress.

“(b) As used in this section—

“(1) the term ‘intelligence agency’ means any department, agency, or other entity of the United States involved in intelligence or intelligence-related activities;

“(2) the terms ‘defense articles’ and ‘defense services’ mean the items on the United States Munitions List pursuant to section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 CFR part 121);

22 USC 2778.

“(3) the term ‘transfer’ means—

“(A) in the case of defense articles, the transfer of possession of those articles; and

“(B) in the case of defense services, the provision of those services; and

“(4) the term ‘value’ means—

“(A) in the case of defense articles, the greater of—

“(i) the original acquisition cost to the United States Government, plus the cost of improvements or other modifications made by or on behalf of the Government; or

“(ii) the replacement cost; and

“(B) in the case of defense services, the full cost to the Government of providing the services.”

(b) The table of contents at the end of the first section of such Act is amended by inserting the following after the item relating to section 502:

“503. Notice to Congress of certain transfers of defense articles and defense services.”.

## COVERT AGENT DISCLOSURE FEDERAL PENSION FORFEITURE

SEC. 603. Section 8312(c)(1)(C) of title 5, United States Code is amended by striking the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof "or section 601 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 421) (relating to intelligence identities)."

## TITLE VII—PROTECTION OF UNITED STATES INTERESTS

## FOREIGN MISSIONS ACT AMENDMENT

SEC. 701. Section 202(a)(4) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4302(a)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

"(4) 'foreign mission' means any mission to or agency or entity in the United States which is involved in the diplomatic, consular, or other activities of, or which is substantially owned or effectively controlled by—

"(A) a foreign government, or

"(B) an organization (other than an international organization, as defined in section 209(b) of this title) representing a territory or political entity which has been granted diplomatic or other official privileges and immunities under the laws of the United States or which engages in some aspect of the conduct of the international affairs of such territory or political entity,

including any real property of such a mission and including the personnel of such a mission;".

## SOVIET MISSION AT THE UNITED NATIONS

22 USC 287 note.

SEC. 702. (a)(1) It is the policy of the Congress that the number of nationals of the Soviet Union admitted to the United States to serve as members of the Soviet mission at the United Nations headquarters shall not substantially exceed the number of United States nationals who serve as members of the United States mission at the United Nations headquarters, unless the President determines that the admission to the United States of additional Soviet nationals to serve as members of the Soviet mission at the United Nations headquarters would be in the interest of the United States.

(2) Beginning six months after the date of enactment of this section, and every six months thereafter, the Secretary of State shall prepare and transmit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report setting forth the number of Soviet nationals admitted during the preceding six-month period to the United States pursuant to a determination of the President under paragraph (1) and their duties with the Soviet mission at the United Nations headquarters.

(3) Nothing in this subsection may be construed as including any dependent or spouse who is not a member of a mission at the United Nations headquarters in the calculation of the number of members of a mission at the United Nations headquarters.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of State and the Attorney General should, not later than six months after the date of enactment of this section, prepare and transmit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report setting forth a plan for ensuring that the number of Soviet nationals described in paragraph (a)(1) does not exceed the limitation described in that paragraph.

(c) For purposes of this section—

(1) the term “members of the Soviet mission” and “members of the United States mission” are used within the meaning of the term “members of the mission”, as defined by article 1(b) of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, done April 18, 1961; and

(2) the term “mission at the United Nations headquarters” of a country includes all the missions of such country to the United Nations in New York City and includes missions in New York City to specialized agencies of the United Nations, as defined in article 57 of the charter of the United Nations.

New York.

#### REGISTRATION OF AGENTS OF CERTAIN FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

SEC. 703. Section 951 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

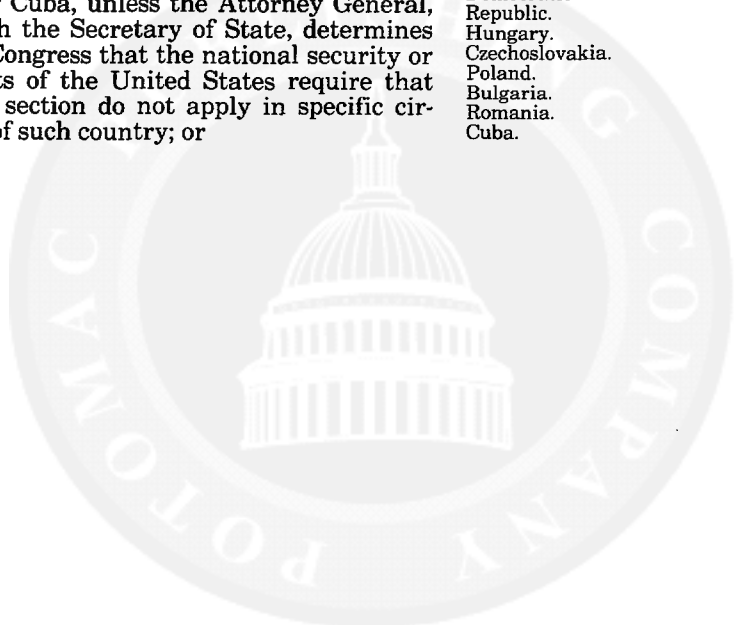
“(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (d)(4), any person engaged in a legal commercial transaction shall be considered to be an agent of a foreign government for purposes of this section if—

“(1) such person agrees to operate within the United States subject to the direction or control of a foreign government or official; and

“(2) such person—

“(A) is an agent of the Soviet Union, the German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Bulgaria, Romania, or Cuba, unless the Attorney General, after consultation with the Secretary of State, determines and so reports to the Congress that the national security or foreign policy interests of the United States require that the provisions of this section do not apply in specific circumstances to agents of such country; or

Soviet Union.  
German  
Democratic  
Republic.  
Hungary.  
Czechoslovakia.  
Poland.  
Bulgaria.  
Romania.  
Cuba.





18 USC 792-799,  
831, 2381.  
50 USC app.  
2410.

“(B) has been convicted of, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere with respect to, any offense under section 792 through 799, 831, or 2381 of this title or under section 11 of the Export Administration Act of 1979, except that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a person described in this clause for a period of more than five years beginning on the date of the conviction or the date of entry of the plea of nolo contendere, as the case may be.”

Approved October 27, 1986.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4759 (S. 2477):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 99-690, Pt. 1 (Permanent Select Comm. on Intelligence), Pt. 2 (Comm. on Post Office and Civil Service), Pt. 3 (Comm. on Armed Services), and No. 99-952 (Comm. of Conference).  
SENATE REPORTS: No. 99-307 accompanying S. 2477 (Select Comm. on Intelligence).  
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 132 (1986):  
Sept. 16, 17, considered and passed House.  
Sept. 24, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 2477.  
Oct. 2, House agreed to conference report.  
Oct. 6, Senate agreed to conference report.  
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 22 (1986):  
Oct. 27, Presidential statement.

